## UNIVERSITY OF MYSORE Postgraduate Entrance Examination October-2021

QUESTION PAPER BOOKLET NO.



## QUESTION BOOKLET

(Read carefully the instructions given in the Question Booklet)

## COURSE: M.Tech.

 SUBJECT :Urban and Regional Planning
MAXIMUM MARKS : 50
(Including time for filling O.M.R. Answer sheet)

## INSTRUCTIONS TO THE CANDIDATES

1. The sealed question paper booklet containing 50 questions enclosed with O.M.R. Answer Sheet is given to you.
2. Verify whether the given question booklet is of the same subject which you have opted for examination.
3. Open the question paper seal carefully and take out the enclosed O.M.R. Answer Sheet outside the question booklet and fill up the general information in the O.M.R. Answer sheet. If you fail to fill up the details in the form as instructed, you will be personally responsible for consequences arising during evaluating your Answer Sheet.
4. During the examination:
a) Read each question carefully.
b) Determine the Most appropriate/correct answer from the four available choices given under each question.
c) Completely darken the relevant circle against the Question in the O.M.R. Answer Sheet. For example, in the question paper if "C" is correct answer for Question No.8, then darken against SI. No. 8 of O.M.R. Answer Sheet using Blue/Black Ball Point Pen as follows:

Question No. 8. (A) (B) (D) (Only example) (Use Ball Pen only)
5. Rough work should be done only on the blank space provided in the Question Booklet. Rough work should not be done on the O.M.R. Answer Sheet.
6. If more than one circle is darkened for a given question, such answer is treated as wrong and no mark will be given. See the example in the O.M.R. Sheet.
7. The candidate and the Room Supervisor should sign in the O.M.R. Sheet at the specified place.
8. Candidate should return the original O.M.R. Answer Sheet and the university copy to the Room Supervisor after the examination.
9. Candidate can carry the question booklet and the candidate copy of the O.M.R. Sheet.
10. The calculator, pager and mobile phone are not allowed inside the examination hall.
11. If a candidate is found committing malpractice, such a candidate shall not be considered for admission to the course and action against such candidate will be taken as per rules.
12. Candidates have to get qualified in the respective entrance examination by securing a minimum of 8 marks in case of SC/ST/Cat-I Candidates, 9 marks in case of OBC Candidates and 10 marks in case of other Candidates out of 50 marks.

## INSTRUCTIONS TO FILL UP THE O.M.R. SHEET

1. There is only one most appropriate/correct answer for each question.
2. For each question, only one circle must be darkened with BLUE or BLACK ball point pen only. Do not try to alter it.
3. Circle should be darkened completely so that the alphabet inside it is not visible.
4. Do not make any unnecessary marks on O.M.R. Sheet.
5. Mention the number of questions answered in the appropriate space provided in the O.M.R. sheet otherwise O.M.R. sheet will not be subjected for evaluation.

1) A Village within urban areas are called as
(A) Fringe Village
(B) Urban Village
(C) Urban Slum
(D) Peripheral Village
2) The population range of Class II Town as per Census of India is
(A) Less than 10000
(B) 10000-20000
(C) 20000-50000
(D) 50000-100000
3) Regional Planning is done at the level of
(A) Settlement level
(B) Taluk Level
(C) District Level
(D) (A) to (C) above are correct
4) The $73^{\text {rd }}$ and $74^{\text {th }}$ Constitutional Amendment was introduced in the year
(A) 1961
(B) 1947
(C) 1992
(D) 2014
5) Architect of Indian Constitution is
(A) Mahatma Gandhi
(B) Dr. B.R. Ambedkar
(C) Sardar Vallabhai Patel
(D) Pandit Nehru
6) The inner rings surrounding the pith is called
(A) Green wood rings
(B) Soft wood rings
(C) Annual rings
(D) None of the above
7) Building woods are protected by
(A) Painting
(B) Seasoning of wood
(C) Both (A) and (B)
(D) None of the above
8) Refractories made out of Clay is produced for
(A) Resisting high temperature
(B) Resisting high load
(C) Resisting high pressure
(D) Resisting vibration load
9) Bull's trench kiln is a
(A) Continuous Kiln
(B) Country Kiln
(C) Drying Kiln
(D) None of these.
10) Hallow brick are preferred for building, as it is having
(A) Light weight
(B) Consumes less laying time
(C) Reduces heat and sound transmission
(D) All the above
11) Sociology is the study of :
(A) Socio-political institutions
(B) Political system
(C) Human behavior
(D) Society
12) A 'household' refers to
(A) A group of persons who normally live together and take their meals from a common kitchen
(B) A group of persons who normally live and working together
(C) A group of persons who normally working and live together
(D) None of the above
13) Social Mobility Means
(A) Travelling of groups from one place to another
(B) Participation in the cultural activities of modern age
(C) Migration from rural to urban areas
(D) Movement of people between positions on different levels
14) Human Rights pertain to caring for the rights of
(A) Women
(B) Men
(C) Minorities
(D) All of these
15) Collaboration of two or more people in a work is called
(A) Teamwork
(B) Division of labour
(C) Both (A) \& (B)
(D) None of these
16) As per 2011 Census, which of the following State in India has the highest urban population?
(A) Tamil Nadu
(B) Punjab
(C) Maharashtra
(D) Karnataka
17) Life span means
(A) Passing form one year to next year
(B) Maximum number of years that one can live
(C) Average life that one can life
(D) None of these
18) The sex ratio is
(A) The number of women per hundred men
(B) The number of children a woman has
(C) The number of females per one thousand males
(D) The number of children biologically possible for a woman
19) Emigration means
(A) Going out of home country
(B) Going out of home district
(C) Going out of home village
(D) None of these
20) Which one of the following process defines Demographic Transition?
(A) Migration and Fertility
(B) Mortality and Morbidity
(C) Fertility and Mortality
(D) Morbidity and Fertility
21) Economics is defined as the study of
(A) Business
(B) How society manage scarce resources
(C) Central Planning
(D) Government regulation
22) Primary sector of an economy is
(A) Agriculture
(B) Banking and Trade
(C) Industries and Commerce
(D) Both (A) \& (B)
23) Economic Planning is a subject of
(A) In the Union List
(B) In the State List
(C) In the Concurrent List
(D) None of the above
24) What is Gross National Product?
(A) The total output of goods and services produced by the country's economy
(B) The total domestic and foreign output claimed by residents of the country
(C) The sum of gross domestic product and investment
(D) National income minus national expenditure
25) National income is the
(A) Net National Product at Market price
(B) Net National product at factor cost
(C) Net domestic product at market price
(D) Net domestic product at factor cost
26) Swachh Bharat Mission (Urban) emphasizes on
(A) Elimination of open defecation
(B) Eradication of Manual Scavenging
(C) Modern and Scientific Municipal Solid Waste Management
(D) All the above
27) In ‘AMRUT’ Stands for
(A) Atal Mission for Rejuvenation and Urban Transformation
(B) Atal Mission for Redevelopment and Urban Transport
(C) All Mission for Rejuvenation and Urban Transformation
(D) None of the above
28) In ICT stands for
(A) Information, Communication and Technology
(B) Information, Communication and Transferring
(C) Information, Communication and Transporting
(D) Information, Computing and Technology
29) The City of Chandigarh was designed by
(A) Leo Corbusier
(B) Patrick Geddes
(C) Charles Correa
(D) Lori Baker
30) The number of cities selected under smart cities initiatives in India
(A) 98
(B) 100
(C) 20
(D) 95
31) FAR is defined as
(A) The quotient of the ratio of combined super built up area of all the floors to the total area of the plot
(B) The quotient of the ratio of combined covered area (plinth area) of all the floors to the total area of the plot
(C) (A) and (B) above are correct
(D) None of the answer is correct
32) Master Plan is prepared for towns and cities under which of the following Act?
(A) Municipal Act
(B) Building bye-laws
(C) Town and Country Planning Act
(D) Regional Planning Act
33) Which of the following is a Fundamental Duty of the Citizen of India?
(A) Right to freedom
(B) Right to equality
(C) To protect and improve natural environment including forest, rivers, wild life and to compassion for living creatures
(D) (A) and (B) are correct
34) Village Planning in Karnataka is done under which of the following Act?
(A) Town and Country Planning Act
(B) Karnataka Panchayat Raj Act
(C) Village Planning Act
(D) The State Planning Act
35) Satellite Town is a
(A) Industrial town
(B) Residential Township
(C) Electronic City
(D) Market Town
36) The reaction of Quick lime when added with water and falls into powder after cracks and swells is called
(A) Burning
(B) Slaking
(C) Decomposition
(D) Lime setting
37) Economic cut and fill in the longitudinal alignment survey of roads
(A) Reduces cost
(B) Balanced depth of cut and fill
(C) Reduces time
(D) All the above
38) Finding angle or setting the level on ground is possible by using
(A) Theodolite
(B) Dumpy level
(C) Compass
(D) None of these
39) Building portion within outer profile of a plinth of the foundation called
(A) F.A.R
(B) Coverage
(C) F.S.I
(D) None of these
40) A building estimation are using for finding
(A) Cost
(B) Material quantity
(C) Specifications
(D) All of these
41) A sewerage system carries
(A) Sewage
(B) Sullage
(C) Storm water
(D) All of these
42) The term camber in road structure has
(A) Upward convexity
(B) Downward convexity
(C) Flat surface
(D) None of these
43) The demand for water in a city includes
(A) Domestic use
(B) Industry uses
(C) Fire
(D) All the above
44) The housing stock analysis considers
(A) Housing units
(B) House hold size
(C) Age group structure
(D) All the above
45) The Rain water Harvesting can be implemented over
(A) Roof tops
(B) Open spaces
(C) Both (A) and (B) are correct
(D) None of the above
46) The object of Zoning is
(A) To control the physical development
(B) To control the land uses for different uses
(C) (A) and (B) are correct
(D) None of the answer is correct
47) Conservation of Heritage Sites covers
(A) National Feature areas of Environmental Significance
(B) Heritage building and Precincts of high significance
(C) Aesthetic, architectural and cultural buildings
(D) (A) to (C) all the above are correct
48) Which of the following answer is correct for Urban growth as per Census of India?
(A) Natural Growth and migration
(B) Natural growth, migration and reclassification of towns
(C) Natural growth only
(D) Migration only
49) High rise building means
(A) A building above 2 stories
(B) A building above 4 stories
(C) A building exceeding 15 mts or more
(D) (B) and (C) answer are correct
50) Building Line is $\qquad$
(A) A line up to which the boundary of site adjoining a street
(B) A Line up to which the plinth of the adjoining a street
(C) A line up to which the excavation for foundation the adjoining a street
(D) None of the above answers are correct


## Rough Work

## అభ్యథిรగษిగి శ్జอఒసేగఆు



 ఎంబదన్ను யరిరిలలిసిరి.



 జదాబ్దారరంగిరుత్తిర.


 అత్తృరహస్ను నిథణరి.


 కుంబిర:



6. ఒండు నిదిషష్ట్రు
 ळలళెయల్లిన లుదాळరణ నైలణి.
 యృడ్బొలు.


 ஹృఁగబळుదు.




 అంచగఆన్ను யֹడియత్ర్ప్దు.

## ఓ.ఎం.ఆరా. ळలఆయన్న్ కుంబలు స్యృజసెగఆు









Note : English version of the instructions is printed on the front cover of this booklet.

