UNIVERSITY OF MYSORE

Postgraduate Entrance Examination November-2021

QUESTION PAPER BOOKLET NO.

Entrance Reg. No.						

SUBJECT CODE : 17

QUESTION BOOKLET

(Read carefully the instructions given in the Question Booklet)

COURSE : M.Sc. **SUBJECT : Group - I**

MAXIMUM MARKS : 100 **MAXIMUM TIME : 135 MINUTES**

(Including time for filling O.M.R. Answer sheet)

INSTRUCTIONS TO THE CANDIDATES

1. The sealed question paper booklet containing 100 questions enclosed with O.M.R. Answer Sheet is given to you.
2. Verify whether the given question booklet is of the same subject which you have opted for examination.
3. Open the question paper seal carefully and take out the enclosed O.M.R. Answer Sheet outside the question booklet and fill up the general information in the O.M.R. Answer sheet. If you fail to fill up the details in the form as instructed, you will be personally responsible for consequences arising during evaluating your Answer Sheet.
4. During the examination:
   a) Read each question carefully.
   b) Determine the Most appropriate/correct answer from the four available choices given under each question.
   c) Completely darken the relevant circle against the Question in the O.M.R. Answer Sheet. For example, in the question paper if "C" is correct answer for Question No.8, then darken against Sl. No.8 of O.M.R. Answer Sheet using Blue/Black Ball Point Pen as follows:

   Question No. 8. Ⓐ Ⓑ ● Ⓓ (Only example) (Use Ball Pen only)
5. Rough work should be done only on the blank space provided in the Question Booklet. Rough work should not be done on the O.M.R. Answer Sheet.
6. If more than one circle is darkened for a given question, such answer is treated as wrong and no mark will be given. See the example in the O.M.R. Sheet.
7. The candidate and the Room Supervisor should sign in the O.M.R. Sheet at the specified place.
8. Candidate should return the original O.M.R. Answer Sheet and the university copy to the Room Supervisor after the examination.
9. Candidate can carry the question booklet and the candidate copy of the O.M.R. Sheet.
10. The calculator, pager and mobile phone are not allowed inside the examination hall.
11. If a candidate is found committing malpractice, such a candidate shall not be considered for admission to the course and action against such candidate will be taken as per rules.
12. Candidates have to get qualified in the respective entrance examination by securing a minimum of 16 marks in case of SC/ST/Cat-I Candidates, 18 marks in case of OBC Candidates and 20 marks in case of other Candidates out of 100 marks.

INSTRUCTIONS TO FILL UP THE O.M.R. SHEET

1. There is only one most appropriate/correct answer for each question.
2. For each question, only one circle must be darkened with BLUE or BLACK ball point pen only. Do not try to alter it.
3. Circle should be darkened completely so that the alphabet inside it is not visible.
4. Do not make any unnecessary marks on O.M.R. Sheet.
5. Mention the number of questions answered in the appropriate space provided in the O.M.R. sheet otherwise O.M.R. sheet will not be subjected for evaluation.

ಗಮನಿಸಿ : ಸೂಚನೆಗಳ ಕನ್ನಡ ಆವೃತ್ತಿಯು ಈ ಪುಸ್ತಕದ ಹಿಂಭಾಗದಲ್ಲಿ ಮುದ್ರಿಸಲ್ಪಟ್ಟಿದೆ.

1. Which one among these is considered as the most advanced inflorescence?

(A) Catkin (B) Corymb

(C) Spadix (D) Capitulum

2. According to Lewis concept, an acid can

(A) Accepts a pair of electrons (B) Accepts a hydroxyl group

(C) Gives out a proton (D) Donate a pair of electrons

3. Which of these is a typical feature of a prokaryotic cell?

(A) Absence of DNA

(B) Absence of nucleus

(C) Absence of plasma membrane

(D) Absence of cell wall.

4. L-lysine is produced from

(A) Corynebacterium glutamicum

(B) Clostridium botulinum

(C) Mycobacterium species

(D) Pseudomonas

5. Som and Soalu are host plants of

(A) Eri silkworm (B) Topical Tasar silkworm

(C) Muga silkworm (D) Bombyx mori

6. Who gave the experimental support for the semi-conservative mode of DNA replication?

(A) Messelson & Stahl

(B) Watson & Crick

(C) William & Franklin

(D) Beadle & Tatum

7. In circulatory system of earth worm, the dorsal and ventral vessels are bridged by

(A) Pharyngeal vessels (B) Lateral arteries

(C) Segmental veins (D) Lateral hearts

8. Which one of these is the example for most stable ecosystem?

(A) Mountain (B) Ocean

(C) Forest (D) Desert

9. Which chromosome aberration leads to a dicentric bridge at anaphase I of meiosis?

(A) Alternate disjunction (B) Terminal selection

(C) Paracentric inversion (D) Pericentric inversion

10. The vitamin present in coenzyme A is

(A) Thiamine (B) Pantothenic acid

(C) Riboflavin (D) Niacin

11. The glucose ingested by the bacterial cell is made to retain within the cell by

(A) Phosphorylation

(B) Immediate breakdown

(C) Attaching to plasma membrane

(D) Carboxylation

12. Human Immunodeficiency Virus infects

(A) B-lymphocytes (B) Red blood cells

(C) Natural killer cells (D) $CD4^+$ cells

13. Glycolipids in the plasma membrane are distributed in the

(A) Inner leaflet of the plasma membrane

(B) Evenly in both inner and outer leaflets

(C) Outer leaflet of the plasma membrane

(D) Varies according to the cell type

14. The yarn spun from cleaned and unopened Tasar cocoon is

(A) Katia
(B) Jhuri
(C) Ghicha
(D) Mejankhor

15. The ecosystem living in the Alpine and polar ice is called

(A) Tundra
(B) Savanna
(C) Autotrophic
(D) Grassland

16. The color blindness is an example for which pattern of inheritance?

(A) X-linked dominant
(B) Autosomal recessive
(C) Autosomal dominant
(D) X-linked recessive

17. Glucose exists in which form in Hawarth ring structure?

(A) Acetal form
(B) Diacetal form
(C) Hemiacetal form
(D) Aldehyde form

18. The sexual system of plant classification was proposed by

(A) Bentham and Hooker
(B) Carl Linnaeus
(C) Theophrastus
(D) Engler and Prantl

19. The species specific recognition of sperm at vitelline membrane is mediated by

(A) Bindin
(B) Zona pellucida
(C) Actin filaments
(D) Corticle granules

20. Which of these chromatography techniques is not under the influence of gravity?

(A) Gel permeation
(B) Ascending paper
(C) Thin layer
(D) Circular paper

21. Pasteurization is the process of heating the milk to kill microorganisms at

(A) 100°C (B) 85°C

(C) <80°C (D) 98°C

22. Which of the following is used as a vector for transferring genes to animal cells?

(A) TMV (B) SV40 virus

(C) CMV (D) Lambda Phage

23. Insulin is secreted by the

(A) Beta cells of islets of Langerhans

(B) Alpha cells of islets of Langerhans

(C) Pancretic acinus

(D) Kupfer cells

24. 'Bulliform' cells are found in

(A) Nerium leaf (B) Soybean leaf

(C) Maize leaf (D) Castor leaf

25. If the F factor is integrated in to the genome of bacteria, then the organism is called

(A) F^+ strain (B) F' strain

(C) F^- strain (D) HFr strain

26. One molar phosphoric acid solution is equal to

(A) One normal solution (B) Three normal solution

(C) Two normal solution (D) Four normal solution

27. Which of the following is a characteristic of allopatric speciation?

(A) Geographic isolation

(B) Asexually reproducing population

(C) Large population

(D) Isolation through adaptation of alleles

28. G4 mulberry variety is suggested for

(A) Chawki silkworms
(B) Rainfed condition
(C) Late age silkworms
(D) All instar silkworms

29. If the end product of the pathway inhibits the first enzyme of the pathway, then it is called

(A) Feedback inhibition
(B) Competitive inhibition
(C) Uncompetitive inhibition
(D) Suicide inhibition

30. Aerobic respiration takes place in

(A) Ribosomes
(B) Endoplasmic reticulum
(C) Lysosomes
(D) Mitochondria

31. Uptake of DNA fragment from the environment by a bacterial cell is called

(A) Conjugation
(B) Transduction
(C) Transformation
(D) Transfection

32. At synaptic junction, synaptic vesicles accumulate at

(A) Pre-synaptic membrane
(B) Axon membrane
(C) Post synaptic membrane
(D) Muscle cell membrane

33. In lac - operon model, the lactose binds to

(A) Operator
(B) Polymerase
(C) Promoter
(D) Repressor

34. Leaf spot disease in mulberry is caused by

(A) Phyllactina corylea
(B) Pseudomonas mori
(C) Cercospora moricola
(D) Cerotelium fici

35. A monocot with reticulate venation is seen in

(A) Zea
(B) Smilax
(C) Bambusa
(D) Areca

36. The energy required by red blood cells is derived from

(A) Pentose phosphate pathway

(B) Beta oxidation of fatty acids

(C) Mitochondrial electron transport chain

(D) Glycolysis

37. Global warming occurs in

(A) Troposphere (B) Mesosphere

(C) Stratosphere (D) Thermosphere

38. A plant cell wall is mainly composed of

(A) Cellulose (B) Protein

(C) Peptidoglycan (D) Starch

39. The weakest bond among the following is

(A) Phosphodiester bond (B) Covalent bond

(C) Van der Waal's force (D) Co-ordinate bond

40. The process of destroying living cells and spores is called

(A) Filtration (B) Sterilization

(C) Homogenization (D) Maceration

41. Which of these enzymes is responsible for fruit ripening?

(A) Beta glucosidase (B) Hexokinase

(C) Amylase (D) Polygalacturonase

42. Vernalization is the process of exposing the seeds to

(A) Low temperature (B) High temperature

(C) Soaking in hot water (D) Boiling water

43. The silk worm, Bombyx mori belongs to the order

(A) Diptera (B) Isoptera

(C) Lepidoptera (D) Coleoptera

44. The process of single gene controlling multiple traits is

(A) Phenocopy
(B) Pleiotropy
(C) Incomplete dominance
(D) Polygenic inheritance

45. Indole is a fused ring system, where

(A) Two benzene rings are fused
(B) Benzene is fused with pyrimidine
(C) Benzene is fused with thiazole
(D) Benzene is fused with pyrrole

46. DNA synthesis takes place during

(A) S phase
(B) G1 phase
(C) G2 phase
(D) G0 phase

47. Association between sucker fish and shark is an example of

(A) Mutualism
(B) Parasitism
(C) Commensalism
(D) Predation

48. Proteins absorb light at

(A) 260nm
(B) 280nm
(C) 660nm
(D) Infrared

49. Which one of the following carries impure blood in mammalian circulatory system?

(A) Carotid artery
(B) Aorta
(C) Renal artery
(D) Pulmonary artery

50. Resolving power of microscope is a function of

(A) Intensity of light
(B) Focal length of condenser
(C) Refractive index
(D) Wave length of light and numerical aperture of lens

51. The female Bombyx mori is

(A) Homogametic
(B) Heterogametic
(C) Hermaphrodic
(D) Haplodiploidy

52. Who is regarded as 'Father of Green Revolution' in India?

(A) M. S. Swaminathan (B) K. Ramaiah

(C) R. Vishwanathan (D) K. N. Kaul

53. The maximum number of births under ideal conditions of environment is called

(A) Realized natality (B) Ecological natality

(C) Potential natality (D) Crude density

54. A pi bond is the result of

(A) Overlap of two s orbitals

(B) Overlap of s and p orbitals

(C) Overlap of two p orbitals along their axes

(D) Sidewise overlap of two parallel p orbitals

55. Protozoan which uses pseudopodia for locomotion belongs to

(A) Mastigophora (B) Rhizopoda

(C) Ciliata (D) Ctenophora

56. The organelle that does not contain DNA is

(A) Lysosome (B) Chloroplast

(C) Mitochondria (D) Nucleus

57. Which of the DNA segment has high melting point?

(A) GC rich segment

(B) AT rich segment

(C) Segment with AT and GC in equal number

(D) Segment with modified bases.

58. Wilt disease of cotton is caused by

(A) Cercospora moricola (B) Phyllactonia corylea

(C) Fusarium oxysporum (D) Clostridium tetani

59. Which of the following shows totipotency in plants?

(A) Collenchyma cells (B) Meristem cells

(C) Xylem cells (D) Sieve tube cells

60. Choose the correct ratio which shows the gene interaction

(A) 1 : 2 : 1 (B) 1 : 1

(C) 9 : 3 : 3 : 1 (D) 12 : 3 : 1

61. The internal respiratory system of insects is made up of

(A) Malphigian tubules (B) Cement gland

(C) Choanocytes (D) Tracheae

62. The carbanion make a bond with

(A) Electropositive group

(B) Electronegative group

(C) Only with an electrically neutral group

(D) With another carbanion

63. An example for anaerobic culture medium is

(A) Wilson blair medium

(B) Mac Conkey broth

(C) Robertson's cooked meat medium

(D) EMB agar

64. The cell theory is not applicable to

(A) Fungi (B) Algae

(C) Viruses (D) Bacteria

65. Silk wastes produced during reeling are used for preparing

(A) Raw silk (B) Spun silk

(C) Twisted silk (D) Tussah silk

66. Ecotone is best described as the

(A) Potentiality of an animal to adjust to new circumstances

(B) Transition zone between two or more diverse communities

(C) Maximum biomass an ecosystem can support

(D) State of equilibrium among various trophic levels in an ecosystem

67. Watson-Crick double stranded DNA is an example for

(A) A-DNA (B) Z-DNA

(C) C-DNA (D) B-DNA

68. An enzyme which joins the Okazaki fragments during DNA replication is

(A) DNA helicase (B) DNA polymerase

(C) DNA ligase (D) DNA synthase

69. Following organells are involved in cytoplasmic inheritance

(A) Mitochondria and Golgi complex (B) Chloroplast and lysosome

(C) Mitochondria and chloroplast (D) Microsomes and ribosomes

70. Heterospory is seen in

(A) Selaginella (B) Psilotum

(C) Pteris (D) Marselia

71. The chromatographic technique based on specific interactions is

(A) Affinity chromatography (B) Gel filtration chromatography

(C) Gas chromatography (D) Reverse phase HPLC.

72. The decrease in response to continuous stimulation is called

(A) Instinct (B) Maturation

(C) Imprinting (D) Habituation

73. Hydrolytic enzymes are present in

(A) Flagella (B) Lysosome

(C) Chloroplast (D) Microsome

74. During transcription initiation, the RNA polymerase binds to

(A) Operator (B) Enhancer

(C) Initiator (D) Promoter

75. Shell coiling in Limnaea peregra (water snail) is an example of

(A) Biparental inheritance (B) Predetermination

(C) Maternal effect (D) Dauer-modification

76. The antibiotic that inhibits protein synthesis by binding to 23S rRNA of the 50S subunit of ribosome is

(A) Streptomycin (B) Chloramphenicol

(C) Penicillin (D) Tetracycline

77. Which of these contain corrin ring system?
(A) Vitamin B12 (B) Hemoglobin
(C) Cytochromes (D) Chlorophyll

78. The interaction between actin and myosin filaments during muscle contraction is explained by
(A) Sliding filament model (B) Holliday model
(C) Action potential (D) Liquid Mosaic model

79. 'Palmae' is the earlier name for the plant family
(A) Brassicaceae (B) Arecaceae
(C) Clusiaceae (D) Poaceae

80. The percent of fibroin present in the silk is
(A) 85-90% (B) 65-75%
(C) 60-70% (D) 75-83%

81. Benzene does not under go
(A) Addition reaction
(B) Nucleophillic substitution reaction
(C) Electrophillic substitution reaction
(D) Elimination reaction

82. Symbiotic association of mycorrhizal fungi in rhizosphere of plants helps in uptake of
(A) Calcium ions (B) Potassium ions
(C) Phosphate ions (D) Iron ions

83. Synthetic seeds are
(A) Encapsulated flowers (B) Encapsulated stems
(C) Encapsulated roots (D) Encapsulated embryos

84. The mutation induced by proflavin is
(A) Transition (B) Transversion
(C) Inversions (D) Frameshift

85. The peculiar feature of Echinodermata is having
(A) Caudal spine (B) Tracheal system
(C) Water vascular system (D) Chordotonal organs

86. How many perianth leaves are present in the mulberry flower?

(A) 6 (B) 4

(C) 8 (D) 2

87. The resolving power of unaided human eye is

(A) 100 micrometer (B) 200 nanometer

(C) 1 centimeter (D) 400 nanometer

88. The largest unit within which gene flow can readily occur is a

(A) Genus (B) Hybrid

(C) Population (D) Species

89. The gas produced in a sludge tank is

(A) Hydrogen (B) Nitrogen

(C) Carbon dioxide (D) Oxygen

90. In SDS-PAGE, the proteins get separated based on their

(A) Total charge (B) Molecular weight

(C) Isoelectric point (D) Amino acid sequence

91. The genetically modified bacteria used for removal of oil pollution is

(A) Pseudomonas putida

(B) Pseudomonas fluorescens

(C) Bacillus subtilis

(D) Bacillus thuringiensis

92. Plants absorb nitrogen in the form of

(A) Nitrous oxide

(B) Nitrogen dioxide

(C) Nitrates and ammonium ions

(D) Nitric oxide

93. In a honey bee colony, the worker bees are

(A) Sterile males (B) Diploid sterile females

(C) Haploid males (D) Females fed with royal jelly

94. The membrane around the vacuole is known as

(A) Elaioplast (B) Cytoplast

(C) Amyloplast (D) Tonoplast

95. What percent of RNA in a bacterial cell is mRNA?

(A) 10-15% (B) 35-40%

(C) < 5% (D) 50-60%

96. Heterocysts are seen in

(A) Nostoc (B) Chlamydomonas

(C) Cladophora (D) Spirogyra

97. Artificial hatching of diapaused silk moth eggs is achieved by

(A) Aestivation (B) HCl treatment

(C) Formalin treatment (D) NaOH treatment

98. In excision repair mechanism, nicking of DNA followed by adherence of a helicase called as

(A) Uvr A (B) Uvr C

(C) Uvr D (D) Uvr B

99. Concentrated sulphuric acid is diluted by

(A) Slowly adding sulphuric acid to water

(B) Slowly adding water to sulphuric acid

(C) Adding water while stirring sulphuric acid

(D) Adding ice cold water to sulphuric acid

100. Following are the branched polysaccharides, except

(A) Glycogen (B) Starch

(C) Peptidoglycan (D) Amylose

Rough Work

ಅಭ್ಯರ್ಥಿಗಳಿಗೆ ಸೂಚನೆಗಳು

1. ಓ.ಎಂ.ಆರ್. ಉತ್ತರ ಹಾಳೆಯ ಜೊತೆಗೆ 100 ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳನ್ನು ಹೊಂದಿರುವ ಮೊಹರು ಮಾಡಿದ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆ ಪುಸ್ತಕವನ್ನು ನಿಮಗೆ ನೀಡಲಾಗಿದೆ.
2. ಕೊಟ್ಟಿರುವ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆ ಪುಸ್ತಕವು, ನೀವು ಪರೀಕ್ಷೆಗೆ ಆಯ್ಕೆ ಮಾಡಿಕೊಂಡಿರುವ ವಿಷಯಕ್ಕೆ ಸಂಬಂಧಿಸಿದ್ದೇ ಎಂಬುದನ್ನು ಪರಿಶೀಲಿಸಿರಿ.
3. ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆ ಪತ್ರಿಕೆಯ ಮೊಹರನ್ನು ಜಾಗ್ರತೆಯಿಂದ ತೆರೆಯಿರಿ ಮತ್ತು ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಪತ್ರಿಕೆಯಿಂದ ಓ.ಎಂ.ಆರ್. ಉತ್ತರ ಹಾಳೆಯನ್ನು ಹೊರಗೆ ತೆಗೆದು, ಓ.ಎಂ.ಆರ್. ಉತ್ತರ ಹಾಳೆಯಲ್ಲಿ ಸಾಮಾನ್ಯ ಮಾಹಿತಿಯನ್ನು ತುಂಬಿರಿ. ಕೊಟ್ಟಿರುವ ಸೂಚನೆಯಂತೆ ನೀವು ನಮೂನೆಯಲ್ಲಿನ ವಿವರಗಳನ್ನು ತುಂಬಲು ವಿಫಲರಾದರೆ, ನಿಮ್ಮ ಉತ್ತರ ಹಾಳೆಯ ಮೌಲ್ಯಮಾಪನ ಸಮಯದಲ್ಲಿ ಉಂಟಾಗುವ ಪರಿಣಾಮಗಳಿಗೆ ವೈಯಕ್ತಿಕವಾಗಿ ನೀವೇ ಜವಾಬ್ದಾರರಾಗಿರುತ್ತೀರಿ.
4. ಪರೀಕ್ಷೆಯ ಸಮಯದಲ್ಲಿ:
   a) ಪ್ರತಿಯೊಂದು ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಯನ್ನು ಜಾಗ್ರತೆಯಿಂದ ಓದಿರಿ.
   b) ಪ್ರತಿ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಯ ಕೆಳಗೆ ನೀಡಿರುವ ನಾಲ್ಕು ಲಭ್ಯ ಆಯ್ಕೆಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಅತ್ಯಂತ ಸರಿಯಾದ/ ಸೂಕ್ತವಾದ ಉತ್ತರವನ್ನು ನಿರ್ಧರಿಸಿ.
   c) ಓ.ಎಂ.ಆರ್. ಹಾಳೆಯಲ್ಲಿನ ಸಂಬಂಧಿಸಿದ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಯ ವೃತ್ತಾಕಾರವನ್ನು ಸಂಪೂರ್ಣವಾಗಿ ತುಂಬಿರಿ. ಉದಾಹರಣೆಗೆ, ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆ ಪತ್ರಿಕೆಯಲ್ಲಿ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ 8ಕ್ಕೆ "C" ಸರಿಯಾದ ಉತ್ತರವಾಗಿದ್ದರೆ, ನೀಲಿ/ಕಪ್ಪು ಬಾಲ್ ಪಾಯಿಂಟ್ ಪೆನ್ ಬಳಸಿ ಓ.ಎಂ.ಆರ್. ಉತ್ತರ ಹಾಳೆಯ ಕ್ರಮ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ 8ರ ಮುಂದೆ ಈ ಕೆಳಗಿನಂತೆ ತುಂಬಿರಿ:

   ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ 8. Ⓐ Ⓑ ● Ⓓ (ಉದಾಹರಣೆ ಮಾತ್ರ) (ಬಾಲ್ ಪಾಯಿಂಟ್ ಪೆನ್ ಮಾತ್ರ ಉಪಯೋಗಿಸಿ)
5. ಉತ್ತರದ ಪೂರ್ವಸಿದ್ಧತೆಯ ಬರವಣಿಗೆಯನ್ನು (ಚಿತ್ತು ಕೆಲಸ) ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆ ಪತ್ರಿಕೆಯಲ್ಲಿ ಒದಗಿಸಿದ ಖಾಲಿ ಜಾಗದಲ್ಲಿ ಮಾತ್ರವೇ ಮಾಡಬೇಕು (ಓ.ಎಂ.ಆರ್. ಉತ್ತರ ಹಾಳೆಯಲ್ಲಿ ಮಾಡಬಾರದು).
6. ಒಂದು ನಿರ್ದಿಷ್ಟ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗೆ ಒಂದಕ್ಕಿಂತ ಹೆಚ್ಚು ವೃತ್ತಾಕಾರವನ್ನು ಗುರುತಿಸಲಾಗಿದ್ದರೆ, ಅಂತಹ ಉತ್ತರವನ್ನು ತಪ್ಪು ಎಂದು ಪರಿಗಣಿಸಲಾಗುತ್ತದೆ ಮತ್ತು ಯಾವುದೇ ಅಂಕವನ್ನು ನೀಡಲಾಗುವುದಿಲ್ಲ. ಓ.ಎಂ.ಆರ್. ಹಾಳೆಯಲ್ಲಿನ ಉದಾಹರಣೆ ನೋಡಿ.
7. ಅಭ್ಯರ್ಥಿ ಮತ್ತು ಕೊಠಡಿ ಮೇಲ್ವಿಚಾರಕರು ನಿರ್ದಿಷ್ಟಪಡಿಸಿದ ಸ್ಥಳದಲ್ಲಿ ಓ.ಎಂ.ಆರ್. ಹಾಳೆಯ ಮೇಲೆ ಸಹಿ ಮಾಡಬೇಕು.
8. ಅಭ್ಯರ್ಥಿಯು ಪರೀಕ್ಷೆಯ ನಂತರ ಕೊಠಡಿ ಮೇಲ್ವಿಚಾರಕರಿಗೆ ಮೂಲ ಓ.ಎಂ.ಆರ್. ಉತ್ತರ ಹಾಳೆ ಮತ್ತು ವಿಶ್ವವಿದ್ಯಾನಿಲಯದ ಪ್ರತಿಯನ್ನು ಹಿಂದಿರುಗಿಸಬೇಕು.
9. ಅಭ್ಯರ್ಥಿಯು ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆ ಪುಸ್ತಕವನ್ನು ಮತ್ತು ಓ.ಎಂ.ಆರ್. ಅಭ್ಯರ್ಥಿಯ ಪ್ರತಿಯನ್ನು ತಮ್ಮ ಜೊತೆ ತೆಗೆದುಕೊಂಡು ಹೋಗಬಹುದು.
10. ಕ್ಯಾಲ್ಕುಲೇಟರ್, ಪೇಜರ್ ಮತ್ತು ಮೊಬೈಲ್ ಫೋನ್‌ಗಳನ್ನು ಪರೀಕ್ಷಾ ಕೊಠಡಿಯ ಒಳಗೆ ಅನುಮತಿಸಲಾಗುವುದಿಲ್ಲ.
11. ಅಭ್ಯರ್ಥಿಯು ದುಷ್ಕೃತ್ಯದಲ್ಲಿ ತೊಡಗಿರುವುದು ಕಂಡುಬಂದರೆ, ಅಂತಹ ಅಭ್ಯರ್ಥಿಯನ್ನು ಕೋರ್ಸ್‌ಗೆ ಪರಿಗಣಿಸಲಾಗುವುದಿಲ್ಲ ಮತ್ತು ನಿಯಮಗಳ ಪ್ರಕಾರ ಅಂತಹ ಅಭ್ಯರ್ಥಿಯ ವಿರುದ್ಧ ಕ್ರಮ ಕೈಗೊಳ್ಳಲಾಗುವುದು.
12. ಈ ಪ್ರವೇಶ ಪರೀಕ್ಷೆಯಲ್ಲಿ ಅರ್ಹರಾಗಲು ಒಟ್ಟು 100 ಅಂಕಗಳಲ್ಲಿ SC/ST/Cat-I ಅಭ್ಯರ್ಥಿಗಳು ಕನಿಷ್ಠ 16 ಅಂಕಗಳನ್ನು, OBC ಅಭ್ಯರ್ಥಿಗಳು ಕನಿಷ್ಠ 18 ಅಂಕಗಳನ್ನು ಮತ್ತು ಇನ್ನಿತರ ಅಭ್ಯರ್ಥಿಗಳು ಕನಿಷ್ಠ 20 ಅಂಕಗಳನ್ನು ಪಡೆಯತಕ್ಕದ್ದು.

ಓ.ಎಂ.ಆರ್. ಹಾಳೆಯನ್ನು ತುಂಬಲು ಸೂಚನೆಗಳು

1. ಪ್ರತಿಯೊಂದು ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗೆ ಒಂದೇ ಒಂದು ಅತ್ಯಂತ ಸೂಕ್ತವಾದ/ಸರಿಯಾದ ಉತ್ತರವಿರುತ್ತದೆ.
2. ಪ್ರತಿ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗೆ ಒಂದು ವೃತ್ತವನ್ನು ಮಾತ್ರ ನೀಲಿ ಅಥವಾ ಕಪ್ಪು ಬಾಲ್ ಪಾಯಿಂಟ್ ಪೆನ್‌ನ್ನಿಂದ ಮಾತ್ರ ತುಂಬತಕ್ಕದ್ದು. ಉತ್ತರವನ್ನು ಮಾರ್ಪಡಿಸಲು ಪ್ರಯತ್ನಿಸಬೇಡಿ.
3. ವೃತ್ತದೊಳಗಿರುವ ಅಕ್ಷರವು ಕಾಣದಿರುವಂತೆ ವೃತ್ತವನ್ನು ಸಂಪೂರ್ಣವಾಗಿ ತುಂಬುವುದು.
4. ಓ.ಎಂ.ಆರ್. ಹಾಳೆಯಲ್ಲಿ ಯಾವುದೇ ಅನಾವಶ್ಯಕ ಗುರುತುಗಳನ್ನು ಮಾಡಬೇಡಿ.
5. ಉತ್ತರಿಸಿದ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳ ಒಟ್ಟು ಸಂಖ್ಯೆಯನ್ನು O.M.R. ಹಾಳೆಯಲ್ಲಿ ನಿಗದಿಪಡಿಸಿರುವ ಜಾಗದಲ್ಲಿ ನಮೂದಿಸತಕ್ಕದ್ದು, ಇಲ್ಲವಾದಲ್ಲಿ O.M.R. ಹಾಳೆಯನ್ನು ಮೌಲ್ಯಮಾಪನಕ್ಕೆ ಪರಿಗಣಿಸುವುದಿಲ್ಲ.

Note : English version of the instructions is printed on the front cover of this booklet.